Phase 1: Acquisition Planning Set the stage for a successful project



- ★ Get started with FEMP Federal Financing Specialist (FFS)
- ★ Engage Project Facilitator
- ★ Assemble Agency Acquisition Team
- ★ Consider project motivations and site needs
- ★ Develop Acquisition Plan
- ★ Determine appropriate approval levels
- ★ Determine ESCO selection procedures
- ★ Define project requirements

The FEMP Financing Specialist (FFS) helps with project preliminaries:

- Determining whether "pay-from-savings" project is feasible
- Educating staff and developing agency support for project
- Determining what kind of project support is needed within agency

FEMP Support and Project Facilitators (PFs)

- Engaging the services of a DOE-qualified Project Facilitator is required
 - FEMP assistance (FFS and PF) provided free to agency through preliminary assessment review and Notice of Intent to Award
 - After that, FFS will help set up an Interagency
 Agreement (IAA) for continuing PF services
 - A sample statement of work for PFs and IAA are on FEMP's ESPC Resources Web page

DOE Golden Office Guidance on Acquisition Planning

- FAR Part 7 requires acquisition planning for all acquisitions.
- ESPC task orders are not exempt.
- Acquisition planning ensures that the government meets its needs in the most effective, economical, and timely manner.

Important Elements of a Written Acquisition Plan

- ✓ Statement of Need
- ✓ Applicable Conditions
- √ Cost
- Capability or Performance
- ✓ Delivery or Performance Period Requirements
- ✓ Trade-offs
- ✓ Risks
- ✓ Sources
- ✓ Competition*

- ✓ Source-selection procedures*
- ✓ Budgeting and Funding
- ✓ Management Information Requirements
- MiscellaneousConsiderations
- ✓ Government Furnished
 Property and Information
- ✓ Contract Administration
- ✓ Milestones for the Acquisition Cycle

C-5

Assemble an Acquisition Team

- Everyone who could help or hinder (or be affected by) project should be invited, e.g.:
 - Contracting officer & site technical representative
 - Facility manager and facility maintenance staff
 - Energy, design, and construction engineers
 - Procurement and legal staff
 - Budget/comptroller representative
 - Union reps, labor relations
 - Agency customers and tenants
 - Environment, health, safety
 - Security representative



The Acquisition Team – Roles and Strategy

- Develop acquisition plan
- Create and implement a plan to achieve objectives
 - Define team roles
 - Build site & agency support for project
 - Educate other staff and tenants about the project, the process, and benefits of ESPCs
 - Encourage members to attend ESPC webinars and/or workshop
 - Who's your champion?
 - Keep everyone on track, keep process moving forward
- Assure (with DOE help) a good deal

C-7

The Acquisition Team Establishes Project Requirements (in broad strokes):

- Priority objectives for the project (e.g., meet energy goals, or replace failing equipment)
- Which buildings/facilities
- Must-have ECMs
- "Wish list" ECMs

Considerations in Defining Project Requirements

- Future use of facilities
 - Ten-Year Site Plans
- Other planned construction
- Site needs and priorities based on
 - Command/upper management priorities
 - Condition of equipment
 - Feedback from employees/building occupants
- Site budget for utilities and energy-related equipment and O&M
- Unique agency- and site-specific issues

Obtaining Required Reviews/Approvals

- Identify early the decision makers at all levels who have authority to approve the project
 - Educate decision makers about ESPC
 - Ensure they have all info they need
- Determine
 - when briefings must occur
 - what documents are required
 - who has signing authority
- Prepare for business clearance review concurrently with other process steps
- This is critical to keeping the project on track and preventing delays

C-10

Level of Required Agency Effort Varies

- Factors include:
 - ESPC experience on acquisition team
 - Project complexity and size
 - Agency approval process
- Contracting officer and energy/facility manager will carry most responsibility
 - Other acquisition team members engaged as needed, when needed

Rough Estimates of ESPC Effort

- To award task order
 - Energy/facility manager: 2-5 full-time employee (FTE) mos.
 - Contracting office: 1-3 FTE mos.
- Construction, commissioning, post-installation M&V
 - Mostly energy/facility manager
 - Time needed varies widely with project complexity and site requirements
 - Typical agency construction/acceptance process
- Contract admin. through first-year M&V
 - ~1 FTE mo. (combined CO and COR)

Best Practices for Achieving TO Award in 12 Months – Prepare Your Team

- Project Champion Identify a team champion/agency project manager who will keep the project on track. The champion/project manager educates the project team and stakeholders early and often.
- ESCO Select using Selection Based on Qualifications process.
- Acquisition Team Assign clear roles and responsibilities and commit to an award schedule, using the 12 month project cycle as the starting point.

Best Practices for Achieving TO Award in 12 Months – Prepare Your Team (continued)

- Management Ensure that the management team is fully briefed and supportive of the ESPC Team at each stage, with management's issues/priorities addressed.
 - Management commitment to meet review and approval timelines
 - Management commitment to allocate resources in support of project

Best Practices for Achieving TO Award in 12 Months – Tools and Resources

- Tools and Resources Use FEMP resources and experts (PF, FFS, DOE GO, labs)
 - With the experts' help, use streamlined and standardized processes, e.g., FEMP templates or other Agency process, for consistency and efficiency.

Review Questions

Q1: Who is the first (FEMP) person to ask for help with your ESPC project?

A: The FEMP Federal Financing Specialist (FFS)

Q2: Are you required to use a Project Facilitator?

A: Agencies who use the DOE-FEMP IDIQ ESPC are required to use a qualified project facilitator.

Q3: FEMP FFS and PF services are provided free until after agency review of the what?

A: Preliminary Assessment



Q4: Who are the two agency staff who typically carry most responsibility for the acquisition team?

A: Contracting Officer and site technical representative

Q5: Name two roles of the acquisition team.

- Create and implement a plan to achieve objectives
- Develop acquisition plan
- Define team roles
- Build site & agency support for project
- Keep everyone on track, keep process moving forward
- Assure a good deal for the government



NEXT: Module D

Efficient Products, Advanced Technologies, and Renewables: Getting Deeper Savings from your ESPC

